Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.] WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1806. [No. 1528

☞ SALES AT VENDUE.

On every *Tuesday* and *Friday*,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue-Store,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &c.

[Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.]

All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

Philip G. Marsteller, V. M.

February 12.

FOR SALE,
On moderate Terms,
The SHIP
HETTY,



Just arrived from Liverpool, and lying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Her inventory may be seen and description of the Ship made known, on application to Captain Russel, on board or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

If said ship is not sold in ten or fifteen days, she will be for freight or charter to any port in Europe.

R. N. & Co.

January 1. d

JOHN TUCKER,
Has for Sale,
30 hhds. Muscovado Sugar,
1000 lbs. Black Pepper,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Hyson Shulong,
Young Hyson, and
Souchong } TEAS.
1000 bushels Turks Island Salt,
800 Spanish Hides,
And GROCERIES, as usual.

February 14. eo3w

WANTED,
A vessel of about 700 barrels, to take a freight to *Boston* and *Portsmouth*, New-Hampshire.

Apply to
Lawrason & Fowle.

February 14. d

A BARGAIN.
For Sale or Rent,
A new Brick House on Prince-str't not finished, and very convenient for a small family, with an excellent corner Lot, opposite Messrs. Korn & Wisemiller's. For terms apply

JAMES M'GUIRE.

Also,
16 Lots of different sizes on Prince and Fayette streets, *For Sale, or Rent on ground rent forever.* Apply as above.

February 5. d2w

HENRY K. MAY
Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immediately applied for;
80 casks Red Lead,
38 casks Patent Shot,
18 casks Ingot Lead and
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18. d

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5 Pipes very choice Madeira Wine,
Imported in the Brig Active, from St. Bartholomews, and for sale by

R. Veitch & Co.

December 21. tf

N. B. This Wine has lain a considerable time with Wine Traders.

For Sale, by the Subscriber,
On board the Schooner LARK, *lying at* HARPER'S *wharf.*
A few hogsheads retailing Molasses
Mould Candles
Spermaceti do.
20 barrels No. 1 Beef
10 barrels N. E. Rum
2 bales Beerbeom Gurrahs
1 bale fine Cassahs
Mens' and Womens' Shoes
A quantity Soal Leather.

February 4. eotf*

FOR SALE,
A Negro Woman, who is an excellent house servant, with her two Children; one male, the other female.

Jan. 16. Enquire of the Printer.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Wants to Charter,



A vessel of about 1500 barrels burthen, for *CORK and a MARKET*; to which immediate dispatch will be given—the cargo being all ready to go on board.

James Patton.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,
At his Warehouse, Conway's wharf,
New-York prime Beef and Pork.
Also, Southern Pork, of good quality—with a few pipes of old Cognac Brandy.

February 12. d

☞ I have been informed that one of the Tracts of Land advertised for sale by *B. Scholfield* and *Thomas Cooke*, under a deed of trust from *John Withers*, to secure John and M. Scholfield, includes part of a lot of land in my possession, under a deed of bargain and sale from Robert Allison, duly recorded in the county court of Fairfax: If so, all persons are cautioned against purchasing so much of the same as is included within my lines.

C. F. Whiting.

February 17. tf

Sale by Auction.

On MONDAY,
The 17th March, at 11 o'clock, will be sold at auction, on the premises, if fair, if not, the next fair day,

THAT very valuable PROPERTY, belonging to the estate of the late Abraham Van Bibber, Esq. called *PARADISE*, containing about 300 acres, and including the dwelling-house and improvements, a valuable Mill and its appurtenances; the whole in good order.

The above property is situated about one mile from the turnpike gate on the York road, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

A liberal credit will be given on a considerable part of this property, which may at any time be viewed on application to Mr. Aisquith, on the premises.

ANDREW VAN BIBBER,
WASHINGTON VAN BIBBER,
Trustees.

Balt. Feb. 14. eotfsM.dtf7M

FOR SALE,
100 bbls. Muscovado SUGARS.
2000 lbs. prime Firkin Butter.
10 casks Chewing Tobacco.
Spinning Cotton,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Liquors and *Groceries*, as usual
Mandeville & Jamieson.

February 12. d

FOR SALE
1000 bushels Liverpool Fine Salt.
1500 do. St. Ubes.
Wm. Hodgson.

Feb. 12. d

SHINGLING SLATE.

240 boxes best quality SHINGLING SLATE,
1 CABLE 120 fathom, and 1 ANCHOR—for sale, on the subscribers' wharf.

Rickets, Newton & Co.

February 8. d2w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under the firm of *Joseph Riddle & Co.* of Alexandria, was dissolved the first instant, by mutual consent: All persons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the same, are requested to come forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the concern as soon as possible. Those whose accounts are of long standing are particularly requested to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
Of Alexandria.
JAMES DALE,
Of Baltimore.

September 18. tf

JOSEPH RIDDLE
Has Received by the Ceres and other ships lately arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part of his
FALL GOODS;
Which are now opening at his store in Fairfax street, and daily expects an additional supply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 28. d

Cash, and the highest price given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
A quantity of
CORN AND RYE.
Apply to
WASHINGTON PIERCE,
At Colonel RAMSAY'S *Counting Room.*

February 1. eo

JOHN WATTS,
Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNEY'S, has received via Baltimore,
A Handsome assortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Which he will sell low for cash, or on short credit, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers,
Winsor Velverets,
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,
Fancy Moleskins and Florentines,
Silk Plush and Velvets,
Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread,
Lenos and Dragoona Mell Cloaks,
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,
Do. do. do. Gloves,
Do. do. Sport do.
Do. York Fan and Dressing do.
Ladies' White and Black Hose,
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Do. do. Wash Leather & Riding Gloves
Sattins, Lutestrings and Persians,
Lutestring and Sattin Ribbons,
Laces and Edgings,
London Hats,
Rose and Duffil Blankets,
Silk Rugs and Caddows,
Carpets and Carpeting,
German Osnaburgs,
Dowlasses and Bedticking,
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas,
Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c. &c.

Oct. 21 eod.

TUNIS CRAVEN,
Has received by the late arrivals an elegant assortment of
GOODS,
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Bennett's patent Cords,
Do. Waistcoatings,
Silks, Moleskins, Florentines,
Imperial, clouded and white Marseilles,
Toilinetts, Swandowns,
Flannels, rose Blankets,
Coatings, Plains,
Kerseys, Halfbucks,
Lamb's Wool, Worsted, Cotton and Silk Hosiery,
Irish & Flanders Sheetings,
4 4 7/8 Irish Linens,
Shirting Cotton,
Long Lawns,
Linen Cambricks,
Dimities, Cambrick do.
Corded Cambricks,
Lace do,
Rich Colonade and figured Lustre Muslins
India and British Book do.
Lace Caps & Handkerchiefs,
Extra Silk Gloves,
Pic Nic Mitts.
Silk Cord and Buttons,
Cambrick Buttons,
Artificial Flowers and Wreaths,
Ostrich Feathers,
Italian Mantaus,
Fine India Persians,
Baftas, Mamoodies,
Dowlais, Ticklenburg,
Osnaburgs, Brown rolls
&c. &c.

☞ *He daily expects an additional assortment of* FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22. dtf

TO BE LET,
FOR A TERM OF YEARS,
MOUNT-EAGLE,
The beautiful COUNTRY-SEAT of the late Lord *Fairfax*—containing
ABOUT two hundred and twenty-nine and an half acres of Land, bounded on one side by Hunting-Creek. Upon the premises there is every necessary convenience requisite for the accommodation of a genteel family, viz. Mansion-House, Kitchen, Laundry, Smoke House, Stable and Carriage House, a good Garden enclosed, &c. Possessing all the advantages of a most diversified and extensive prospect, healthiness of situation and proximity to Alexandria; it must be considered as one of the most desirable places of residence in this part of the country.—Apply to *William Herbert*, Esq. of this town, or to the Subscriber near Patuxent iron-works, Prince George's county, Maryland.

John Carlyle Herbert.

January 16. 1aw

MARINE STOCK.

One hundred shares of Stock, in the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria, for Sale, on liberal terms, if early application be made to

Mordecai Miller.

February 13. d

☞ A few copies of the *American Gardner*, may be had at the Book-Store of Robert Gray.

NOTICE.

THE Members of the WASHINGTON SOCIETY, of Alexandria, are hereby notified that a regular stated meeting of the said Society will be held at *Gadsby's* tavern, on Saturday, the 22d instant, at half past 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The Society will move in procession precisely at 12 o'clock, to the Episcopal Church, where an ORATION will be delivered by one of its members, *Charles T. Mercer*, Esquire.

By order of the Standing Committee.

G. Deneale, *Secretary.*

February 12. d

Taken up at my Plantation,
TWO HOGS,
SUPPOSED about 5 or 6 months old; when weighed alive the one weighed 134 pounds, the other 40; marked with a crop on the right ear and a swallow fork on the left. The owner, by application at Strawberry Hill, Fairfax county, proving property and paying charges, may have them again.

WM. HARTSHORNE.

2d mo. 12th. 1aw 3t

☞ Clover-Seed and a few hhds. excellent Molasses for sale at my store in town.

STOP THE THIEF.

On Thursday night, the 9th of January last, was taken out of my stable, about 7 or 8 o'clock,
A BAY MARE,
FOUR years old next spring, about 14 and an half hands high, rough shod before, a snip on the end of her nose rubbed with the waggon gear, and I think one of her hind feet white, has large ears. I will give FIVE DOLLARS for the Mare, if taken ten miles from home; TEN, if 20; or TWENTY for the Mare and Thief, if convicted so as to be brought to condign punishment, and all reasonable expences if taken at a greater distance.

John Ball, sen.

Alexandria County, Dist. Col. }
February 3. 1aw

N. B. The Mare was seen in possession of the thief, crossing Washington's Ferry to the city of Washington, on the night she was stolen.

Twenty Dollars Reward,

WILL be given for apprehending and securing in jail, a young mulatto man slave, named ANDREW. He was hired by me last year to Mr Joseph Thomas, who keeps the middle ferry opposite to Alexandria, and absconded from that place about the latter end of August last. He is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, lusty and well made, has short curled hair, and is frequently subject to have several large pimples in his face. He is reckoned to be a sensible fellow, of an easy agreeable address for a man in his low sphere of life. As he has not been heard of by me since his elopement, I suspect he has had the address to ship himself as a freeman on board some vessel either at Alexandria or Baltimore. Whoever takes him up and secures him in any jail, shall receive from me the above reward, as soon as due information thereof is given to me or to Doctor *N. P. Causin*, at Port Tobacco.

G. B. Causin.

Maryland, Charles County, }
January 17. [Feb. 3,] 2aw

FOR SALE,
An elegant three story Brick House, on the corner of King and Columbus streets, now occupied by Mr. *John Roberts*. IF YOUNG NEGROES or GROCERIES will be taken in part payment. For terms apply to Col. *George Deneale*, or to the subscriber in the City of Washington.

Nicholas Voss.

February 10. 1aw



Dearborn's *Patent Balance*,
For weighing with ease, dispatch and precision, at half the cost, and used with half the labor of scales and weights—all sizes—for sale, by

JOHN G. LADD.

February 7. d

PHILADELPHIA, *Feb. 4th*, 1806.

PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL.

To all who love the prosperity of Zion, and are disposed to aid in propagating the Gospel among the Heathen.

THE subscriber lately returned from a voyage to the East-Indies, touched in Europe, and was in London in August last, where he received from the Baptist Missionary Society in England for propagating the Gospel among the heathen, one thousand guineas, to be sent in the spring to the Missionaries in Bengal, for the purpose of printing the sacred Scriptures in one of the languages of that country. There are seven languages that the Missionaries there aim to translate and publish the Scriptures in. They have made such progress in three of them that it is expected that the above sum will enable them to complete the work. The money is now in the hands of ROBERT RALSTON, Esquire, of Philadelphia, who will forward it in due time. Should any individual, society, or congregation of people in the United States of America, be disposed to contribute to this good work, Mr. Ralston will gladly receive whatever may be sent to him for that purpose, and add to it the above sum, to be forwarded to the Missionaries at Serampore near Calcutta.

(Signed)
BENJAMIN WICKES, Sen.
Philadelphia, Nov. 4, 1805.

WE whose names are underwritten, Ministers of the Gospel in the city of Philadelphia do hereby certify that we are fully ascertained that the statement made by captain Wickes, in the foregoing advertisement, is perfectly correct. We also take the liberty respectfully to recommend to the pious and the liberal of all denominations of Christians, in the United States, an attention to the important objects which this advertisement holds up to their view. Nothing, it appears to us, can be more interesting to a truly benevolent mind.—The design contemplated, is not to disseminate the favorite tenets of any particular sect of Christians. It is to print and propagate, among a race of heathen who are sunk and degraded by the vilest and cruelist system of superstition and idolatry, *the pure word of eternal life contained in the holy Scriptures*, without any gloss or comment whatsoever. If this can be extensively effected, the happiest consequences may be expected to follow; since the natives of India, unlike most other pagans, are many them able to read, and still more of them are disposed earnestly to listen to what the Bible contains. Even the amelioration of their condition in this life, by a knowledge and belief of the Scriptures, would be an event calculated to produce a lively joy, in every mind influenced by humanity: For their horrible superstition subjects them unceasingly to the most dreadful torments, and annually deprives a large number even of life itself. But in addition to this, how interesting must be the thought to every truly pious mind, that many of these miserable creatures, by having a Bible in their hands, may not only better their worldly condition, but become truly converted unto God, and through the merits of the Savior, be raised to eternal happiness and glory. Among the many objects which we know are now solititing the patronage of the pious and the liberal, throughout our country, we cannot but think that this deserves a marked attention. Nor can we forbear to add, that we have good reason to believe, that donations from the inhabitants of the U. States, for the promotion of the design which has here been specified, would greatly animate and encourage the worthy men who are engaged in the translation of the scriptures, by giving them a striking proof that their arduous work interests the feelings, and is accompanied by the good wishes of Christians, in every region to which the knowledge of it has extended.

Some other important considerations, which it is hoped will as much encourage the liberality of the public, as they animate the hopes and labors of the Missionaries in India, ought to be briefly stated. At Serampore, the immediate seat of the mission, there are a type foundery and printing presses, together with a valuable library, consisting chiefly of books containing the various copies and readings of the scriptures, with whatever can materially facilitate the labors of a translator.—Learned natives can be procured to assist in the work; and the local situation of the mission is such as will render its distribution throughout India easy and immediate. The missionaries themselves (among whom is the laborious, learned, and pious Mr. Carey, professor of oriental languages, in the college of Fort William, at Calcutta) have been so long engaged in studying language, and in transleting, that the employment has become in a good degree habitual.

Seven languages are spoken in India; the Ootkul, which prevails among four millions of inhabitants; the Telingo and Kurnata, each spoken by about seven millions; the Mahratta used by eight millions five hundred thousand; the Tamul, by upwards of nine millions; the Hindostanee, by at least forty-five millions; and the Bengalee, in which the translation is already completed, by a number of the inhabitants nearly equalling the population of the United States of America. The total of the benighted idolaters of India, equals about the one eighth of the whole race of men now dwelling on our globe. How animating the prospect, that the holy Bible, by the efforts of pious Christians in Europe and America, is likely soon to circulate among these millions of wretched people, by whom absurd and injurious *Veda's* and *Shasters* are now pronounced divine.

Ashbel Green, senior pastor of the 2d Presbyterian church.

J. Henry C. Helmuth, pastor of the German Lutheran church.

William Rogers, professor of English and belles letters in the university of Pennsylvania.

John Hey, pastor of the Independent church.

Joseph Pilmore, rector of the Episcopal church of St. Paul's.

James Gray, pastor of the Scotch Presbyterian church.

George Potts, pastor of the 4th Presbyterian church.

William White, pastor of the 2d Baptist church.

Joseph Shaw, pastor-elect of the Associate Congregation.

Samuel Helfenstein, pastor of the German Reformed church.

Jacob J. Janeway, co paster of the 2d Presbyterian church.

William Colbert, minister of the Methodist Episcopal church of St. George.

William Staughton, minister of the 1st Baptist church.

*** IT is respectfully suggested, that as the season for the departure of the Calcutta ships is fast approaching, whatever is done to promote the design which has been specified above, must be done without delay: and it is requested, that the donations or collections which shall be made throughout the union, may be forwarded to any of the under-mentioned gentlemen, who will remit them to Mr. Ralston.

The Rev. Dr. Rodgers, the Rev. Mr. Williams, New York.

The Rev. Dr. Stillman, the Rev. Dr. Eckley, Boston.

The Rev. Joseph Buckminster, Portsmouth, N. H.

The Rev. Dr. Dwight, New Haven.

Mr. Gaulaudet, Hartford, Conn.

The Rev. Dr. M'Whorter, Newark, N. J.

The Rev. Mr. Clark, New Brunswick.

The Rev. Mr. Ingles, the Rev. Mr. Richards, Baltimore.

Joseph Nourse, Esq. Register of the U S. Washington.

The Rev. Dr. Muir, Alexandria.

The Rev. Mr. Grigsby, Norfolk.

The Rev. Dr. Furman, the Rev. Dr. Keith, Charleston.

The Rev. Mr. Clarkson, the Rev. Mr. Clay, the Rev. Mr. Holcombe, Savannah.

N. B. *THE Printers of News-papers who shall insert the above, will have the satisfaction to reflect, that they have lent their aid to promote the cause of piety and benevolence.*

From the United States Gazette.

WASHINGTON CITY.

I have succeeded at last in obtaining a copy of the curious correspondence between our secretary of state and the marquis de Casa Yrujo. You will undoubtedly share on its perusal in the sentiments of indignation it has excited here among Tyrians & Trojans. When it was known that the president had ordered an official notification to be served on the marquis, to leave the city a few hours after hrs arrival in it, it was the general impression that the minister of Spain must have had proved on him some of those henious crimes, which alone according to the opinion of the best writers on the laws of nations could justify a similar proceeding;——but what has been our surprise when we found that this imprudent and hasty step of the president had no other motive but that of the marquis's having come as usual to Washington after a demand had been made for his recal at the court of Madrid, and again, what has the astonishment of every one been when they discovered that the only cause brought forward to solicit his recal, is the long forgotten ridiculous mistake of major Jackson? I do not speak of the ridiculous supposition of a right over the person of an ambassador without an acknowledged, grounded motive, which could not be applied to the meanest of our citizens.

Never was there such an infatuation! the fact is that the president has got hold for his purposes of this miserable pretence, he attributes to the marquis I understand the invincible difficulties he has met with at the court of Spain, and some pretentions generally acknowledged here as groundless and unsupported; and thus the administration cannot forgive him for having placed them under the painful necessity of *whispering* to congress the humiliating confession that the acquisition of the best part of West Florida, promulgated by them with so much exultation, for *obvious* motives turns out a mere golden dream of their own making.

By the observations contained in the marquis's note in reply to the paragraph of the president's message, they anticipated with terror, that he could and probably would let at once the cat out of the bag, by propogating amongst the members and others, *particulars* which it was important to conceal. As long as the marquis remained in Philadelphia, the minds of our cabinet continued composed enough. The official communication verbally and by writing had been kept up between him and Mr. Madison, until the departure of the latter from Philadelphia late in October. More we understand, they were in the habit of a frequent social intercourse, and that Mr. Madison even went to dine at the marquis's country house. *Since that period no incident whatever had occurred*, which ought or could reasonably alter the state of things; but as soon as the marquis spoke of going to the seat of government, a complete change took place in the scene: a friend both to the administration and the marquis was employed to prevail on him not to come down to the Federal city. The suggestion was warmly presented as the effect of personal friendship. The marquis who had nothing to reproach himself with not being able to conciliate the sudden transition from a former public and personal intercourse to the unexpected extinction of both as it was also insinuated, came to Washington as he had in contemplation; and a few hours after his arrival received the following letter. Never was there a greater want of dignity or a more glaring inconsistency! Rub your eyes and read.

No. 1.

Department of State,
Jan 15th, 1806.

SIR,

In consequence of the just objections which your conduct has furnished against your continuance here, as the organ of communication on the part of his Catholic Majesty, it was signified at Madrid, in the month of April last, through the mission of the United States there, that the substitution of another was desired by the President. In reply it was intimated by Mr. Cevallos, that as you had yourself expressed a wish and obtained permission to return to Spain, the purpose might be accomplished without the necessity of a recall, and that such a change in the mode would be agreeable to your government; in a spirit of conciliation the arrangements proposed by Mr. Cevallos was admitted, and it was not doubted, that it would without delay have been carried into effect. It is seen therefore not without surprise, that at this late day, you should have repaired to the seat of government as if nothing had occurred rendering such a step improper. Under these circumstances, the president has charged me to signify to you, that your remaining at this place is dissatisfactory to him, and that although he cannot permit himself to insist on your departure from the United States during an inclement season, he expects it will not be unnecessarily postponed after this obstacle shall have ceased.

I am charged by the president, at the same time to let it be fully understood, that the considerations which have led to this explanation, being altogether personal, they are perfectly consistent with the ready admission of a successor, and with all the attention which can be due to whatever communications his Catholic Majesty may please to make with a view to cultivate harmony and friendship between the two nations.

I have the honor to be,
With consideration and respect,
Your most obedient servant,
(Signed) JAMES MADISON.
The Marquis de Casa Yrujo.

No. 2.

(TRANSLATION)

Washington, 16th Jan. 1806.

James Madison, Esq.

SIR,

I have just received your letter of yesterday, in which you are pleased to tell me that from the president of the United States having solicited my recall at Madrid, in the month of April last, he has heard, with surprise, my arrival in this city, the residence of government, and that he thinks this step of mine improper, adding at the same time, that my stay here would be dissatisfactory to him. As the object of my journey is not with a view to hatch plots, to excite conspiracies, or to promote any attempt whatever against the government of the United States, and as hitherto I have not either directly or indirectly committed acts of a similar tendency, *which alone could justify the tenor and object* of your letter, to which I reply, my arrival here is an innocent and legal act which leaves me in the full enjoyment of all my rights and priviledges, both as a public character or a private individual.... Making use, therefore, of these rights and priviledges, I intend remaining in the city, four miles square, in which the government resides, as long as it may suit the interests of the king, my master, or my own personal convenience; I must at the same time add that I shall not lose sight of these two circumstances as respects the period and season in which our mutual desires for my departure from the United States are to be accomplished.

In regard to the objections which this government, in its wisdom is pleased to call *just* respecting the demand of my removal I shall take the liberty of observing, that although this government no doubt, may have had *their* reasons to solicit it, they hitherto have forgotten to communicate them to mine, for Mr. Monroe's official letter to Mr. Cevallos on this subject, merely contains vague undetermined, general assertions destitute of any proof whatever. It is true that he alledges an attempt of mine to bribe a citizen of the United States; but it is equally so that as this assertion of government is grounded on a reference to a testimony already proved incorrect. I may without wounding the feelings of, or be wanting in that respect which I owe this administration, permit myself to call it false and calumnious, independent that in the letter I had the honor of writing to you, sir, early in September 1804, in which this business was completely and satisfactorily explained. If, in fact, the editor of the Commercial Register, could ever be considered as an organ of truth, what would the American people think of their chief magistrate, of the heads of departments and of the acts of this administration? It is not my intention to endeavor to change by this explanation the disposition of this goverment towards my person; my object is solely to fulfil the duty my situation imposes upon me, of again repelling an imputation which is as improbable in itself as it is calumnious against both my public and private character.

I shall therefore, sir, communicate your letter of yesterday to my government. I shall also inform it of my answer thereto, and whenever by the order of the king my master, I am to return to Spain, I shall quit the United States with sentiments of affection towards a virtuous people, in whose bosom I have lived ten years, with the intimate testimony of having never committed any grounded offence against their government, and above all the consoling satisfaction of having employed all my weak and feeble talents in defence of the rights and interest of the best of kings.

I have the honor to be,
Sir, &c.
(Signed)
EL MARQUIS DE CASA YRUJO.

No. 3.

(TRANSLATION.)

Washington, January 19th 1806.

SIR,

Having gone through the personal explanations, which for just motives I was compelled to enter into, in my first answer to your letter of the 15th instant. I must now inform you, sir, what otherwise would then have constituted my sole reply; namely, *That the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of his Catholic Majesty, near the United States receives no orders except from his sovereign.* I must also declare to you, sir, that I consider both the style and tenor of your letter as indecorous, and its object as an infraction of the privileges attached to my public character. This violation of the *dimoplatic rights* and privileges as inexplicable in itself as it is ill grounded, requires on my part the most solemn protest against your said letter, its style, and the intent with which it was addressed to me. I do therefore protest in the most solemn manner I possibly can, against this improper step of your

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s as improbable in it-
nious against both my
haracter.
sir, communicate your
to my government. I
of my answer thereto,
e order of the king my
eturn to Spain, I shall
tes with sentiments of
a virtuous people, in
e lived ten years, with
ony of having never
ounded offence against
nd above all the con-
of having employed
ble talents in defence
nterest of the best of

or to be,

IS DE CASA YRUJO.

o. 3.
LATION.)
n, January 19th 1806.

through the perfonal explan
motives I was compelled
ft anfwer to your letter of
ould now inform you, fir,
then have conftituted my
hat the Envoy Extraordi-
otipotentiary of his Catholic
ted States receives no order
gn. I muft alfo declare th
ler both the ftyle and tenor
ecorous, and its object a
eges attached to my public
ion of the *dimoplatic* right
licable in itfelf as it is ill
my part the moft folemn
d letter, its ftyle, and th
was addreffed to me. I d
moft folemn manner I pro
improper ftep of your

---

a ftep which under the exiting circum-
es, is as contrary to the *diplomatic* laws and
es, as it is to the fpirit of the conftitution
overnment of this country; and in order
t your conduct fir, in this cafe may not in any
ner affect the privileges of the body to which
ave the honor to belong, I fhall immediately
nfmit to the other members thereof accredited
the United States, a copy of your faid letter
my firft anfwer, and of this my proteft, that
their part they may make the proper ufe there.
and alfo that it may always appear that if
re has exifted, on the part of the adminiftra-
, an arbitary determination to violate the
hts of embaffy, refpected by every civilized
ion, there did alfo exift in me the juft refolu-
of repelling any fimilar attempt.
I have the honer to be, &c.

(Signed)
EL MARQUIS DE CASA YRUJO.

MESSAGE.

From the prefident of the United States, communicating the report of the Director of the mint, of the operations of that inftitution during the laft year.

To the Senate and Houfe of Reprefentatives of the United States.

I communicate for the information of Con-
fs, the report of the director of the mint, of
e operations of that inftitution during the laft
ar.

TH: JEFFERSON.

January 15, 1806.

To the Prefident of the United States.

Agreeably to former practice, I have the hon-
r at the commencement of the prefent year, to
y before you a ftatement of the iffues from the
nt of the United States, and the expenfes of
e inftitution during the paft year; and con-
eiving that it might not prove unacceptable,
e treafurer has at my requeft drawn up and ex-
ibited, in one comprehenfive view, Schedule No.
a ftatement of all the gold, filver, and copper
oins ftruck at the mint from the commencement
f its operation till the prefent time.

From this ftatement it appears that of Gold
oins iffued from the mint, the whole amount is
,613,972 1 2 dols; Of filver coins 1,958 917
4 dollars; and of copper coin 179 458 dolls.
7 1-2 cents; making the total amount four mil-
ions feven hundred and forty feven thoufand
hree hundred and forty eight dollars feventy
wo and a half cents, and the total number of
ieces 22,594,832.

During the laft year, as will appear in parti-
ular detail from Schedule No 1, there have
een ftruck at the mint, of gold coins 34,964
ieces, amounting in value to 170,367 1-2 dols.
Of filver coins 469,496 pieces; value 149,067
11 dollars, and of copper coins 1,755,580
pieces; value 13,483 dollars 48 cents, making
the total number of pieces of the precious metals,
504,460, and of copper coins 1,755,580, and
the total value 332,918 dollars forty eight cts.
This amount is indeed fomewhat less than that of
the preceding year, (dols. 371,827 94 cents,) yet the number of pieces is much greater, being all of the fmaller coins; and this latter circumftance will readily account for the fmall difference in value; fince the labor and time neceffary to prepare and ftrike an equal number of large and of fmall pieces of coin will be nearly equal.

Of the precious metals, the number of pieces coined in the laft year, far exceeds that in any former year, fince the eftablifhment of the mint—indeed it is confiderably more than double what it has been in any one of the four laft years.

The ftriking of fmall coins is a meafure which has been adopted to accommodate the banks and other depofitors, and at their particular requeft; both with a view of furnifhing a fupply of fmall change, and to prevent the exportation of the fpecie of the United States to foreign countries.

I am authorifed, fir, to aflure you, that the bank of the United States, (with perhaps the other banks in this city) will furnifh the mint an ample fupply of bullion, during the current year; and to avoid, as far as practicable, all inconvenient delay in the iffue of coins, I am with your approbation, about to employ a few additional workmen. The utmoft economy, however, in the expences of the inftitution, will be carefully obferved.

The fchedule No. 3 exhibits an abftract of the expenditures of the mint during the laft year. From this it will be obferved that the contingent expenfes in the laft fix months have been pretty confiderable. This has arifen from fundry repairs, particularly of the ftable, coal-houfe a pair of roulets, and one of the coining preffes, which could no longer be difpenfed with—but which will not again occur in many years.

Schedule No. 2, exhibits a general ftatement of the gain on the copper coinage for the laft year, amounting to dollars 2,187 68 cents, exclufive of dollars 51 96 cents, fpoiled planchettes, ufed in the alloy of the precious metals. This gain would have been ftill greater, had not the planchetts proved to be fomewhat over weight, though the late director had given the moft particular charges and inftructions, on this head, to the perfon of whom they were purchafed.

I have fir, the honor to be, with the greateft eftheem, your moft obedient fervant,

ROBERT PATTERSON, *Director.*
Mint of the U. S. Philadelphia,
31 Jan. 1806.

MESSAGE.

From the President of the United States, transmitting fundry additional documents respecting the application of HAMET CARAMALLI, *ex-bashaw of Tripoli.*

To the houfe of representatives of the United States.

Sundry letters relative to Hamet Caramalli, in addition to the documents which accompanied my message of January 13th, having been fent to the fenate, on their particular request, the fame are now tranfmitted to the houfe of representatives alfo, as the fame subject is before them.

TH: JEFFERSON.

FEBRUARY 4th, 1805.

Extract of a letter from the secretary of ftate to William Eaton, esq. dated Washington, May 20th, 1801.

Your letter of the 2d and 18th September, 6th October, 1, 9, 10, 15, 16, 13, 25, 19 and 21st November, and 8th Demceber, have been received fince the date of Mr. Lincoln's letter, by the Grand Turk, which failed from New York in March laft, with the third cargo of regalia, for Tunis. The proofs which have been given by the bafhaw of Tripoli, of his hoftile designs againt the United States, have as you will learn from commodore Dale, determined the president to fend to the Mediterranean a fquadron of three frigates and a floop of war under the command of that officer.—Should war have have been declared or hoftilities commenced, this force will be immediately employed in the defence and protection of our commerce, againft the piracies of that regency. It is hoped that the contagion will not have fpread either to Tunis or Algiers; but fhould one or both of them have followed the perfidious example, their corfairs will be equally repelled and punifhed.

The policy of exhibiting a naval force on the coaft of Barbary, has long been urged by yourfelf and the other confuls. The present moment is peculiarly favorable for the experiment, not only as it is a provision againft an immediate danger, but as we are now at peace and amity with all the reft of the world, and as the force employed would, if at home, be at nearly the fame expence, with less advantage to our mariners. The president has, therefore, every reason to expect the utmoft exertions of your prudence and address, in giving the measure an impreffion moft advantageous to the character and interefts of the United States. In effecting this object, the means muft be left, in a great degree, to your knowledge of the local, and other circumftances, which cannot be understood at this diftance. You will, of course, take the pains to fatisfy the bey, that the U. States are desirous of maintaining peace with all nations, who are willing to live in peace; that they have given abundant evidence of their difpofition to cultivate the friendfhip of the Barbary regencies, and of himfelf in particular; and that if the flag of the United States fhould be engaged in a war with either of them, it will be a war of defence and neceffity, not of choice or provocation. You will alfo give every friendly explanation and aflurance on this occafion, which may be requifite for the confuls and agents of other powers residing at Tunis.

You are authorised to inform the bey of Tunis, that a veffel is now preparing to take in the cargo, which will complete the regalia due to him, and that no time will be loft in getting her on her voyage. The jewels, to the amount of 40,000 dollars, have, as you know, been ordered to be prepared in London. On the 28th December laft, Mr. King wrote—"I have concluded to take immediate measures to provide the jewels enumerated in the lift furnifhed by Mr. Eaton. Some of the articles can foon be prepared and fent: others, including the arms, and almoft all the jewelry, will require a long time to be prepared." If they are eflential to the preservation of peace, and the benefits of the treaty with the bey, they muft be yielded to him.

It will be agreeable, both to the humanity of the president & the policy of your situation, to render kind offices to the British, and all others within your confulate, but you cannot accept an appointment from any other government than the United States.

The ship purchased by you, being foreign built, it excluded, by a conftruction of our laws, from having a Mediterranean pass.

The President has taken into consideration your request of leave of abfence and thinks it might be too injurious to the affairs of the United States, especially during the present critical state of the Mediterranean.

I conclude with enjoining on you the most cordial & respectful communications with commodore Dale, and the ready affistance of him, with all such useful information, and other good offices, as it may be in your power to render, and with offering you my fincere wishes for your fuccefs in all your measures, for advancing the welfare of our country.

(To be continued)

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19.

Captain Arnold, of the brig Susannah from Gottenburgh, informs us, that on the 10th of January, in lat. 39, 40, long. 29. 30, he spoke the ship Iris then out 29 days from Salem for Messina, who had been boarded on his passage and detained for a short time by a French fleet, consisting of eleven sail of the line and seven frigates, out 21 days from Brest, steering in a southwesterly direction. *(N. Y. pap.)*

A journeyman mason in London, boasting of his strength, was "stumped" to a bet, that he could not carry his brother chip in his hod up a ladder to the top of a five story building. The stakes were lodged, and the incredulous knight of the trowel crooked himself into the place for the bricks, and was shouldered by his friend, who mounted the ladder and won the bet. When they were again on *terra firma*, "I acknowledge I have lost (said the better) but I did not think you could have done it, and it was difficult for you, for when you was about the fourth story you trembled exceedingly——*and I was in hopes!*"

In COMMON COUNCIL,
February 15, 1806.

RESOLVED, That the claim of Ifabell Summers againft the Corporation, be referred to Meffieurs Swift and Preflon, with directions to enquire into the juftice of the claim, and make report to Council.

Ordered, That the report of the truftees of the poor and work houfe, be referred to Meffieurs Swift, M'Kinney, and Lee; and that they be a committee to fee if any, and if any what alterations are neceffary in the "act for regulating the duties of the keeper of the poor and work houfe in Alexandria, and for the better government of the poor and others committed to the faid houfe," and that they report by bill or otherwife.

Ordered, That Meffrs. Deneale, Jones and Lee, be appointed a committee to prepare and report a bill to prevent the migration of free negroes, and mulattoes, into the corporation of Alexandria, to prefcribe the mode of regiftering the fame, and to enforce the payment of their capitation tax.

Ordered, That the ftreet commiffioners of the northern diftrict, caufe Commerce ftreet to be regulated from its interfection with King ftreet to the line of the fouthern diftrict, and the expence thereof be paid from the funds of the northern diftrict.

On the petition of fundry perfons for leave to fink a well, and erect a pump at the corner of Wolfe and Alfred ftreets, on the expence thereof being allowed out of their prefent year's taxes; leave is therefore granted them to fink the fame, and the expence thereof deducted out of their taxes, on the ftreet commiffioner giving certificate that he has received the fame.

Ordered, That the ftreet commiffioners regulate Fayette ftreet from Pendleton to Prince ftreet, fuitable to the paffing of carriages.

On balloting for a fuperintendant of the watch, James Harris is duly elected.

Ordered, That Meffrs. Preflon, Cohagan, and Swift, be appointed a committee to enquire into the fituation of the public property at the eaft end of Duke ftreet, and report to Council the moft proper mode of renting the fame.

Ordered, That Meffrs. Janney, Deneale and M'Kenney, be a committee to examine generally into the accounts of the corporation, and make a ftatement of the fame for publication.

Teft. JAMES M. McREA, c. c.

Died, on the 5th October laft, in the river Pongus, Africa, Mr. JOHN WATSON, supercargo of the fchooner *Doris*, of Charleston, late of this Town, and a native of Carlisle, in England: much regretted by a number of respectable acquaintances.

JUST RECEIVED,
And for Sale,
20 boxes fresh Lisbon Lemons.
Mathew Eakin.
February 19. d6t

THE BIRTH NIGHT BALL,
Will be held on FRIDAY EVENING the 21ft inftant. A fubfcription paper is left at GADSBY'S Bar.
February 18.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to a Deed of Truft given by Spencer Cooper to the Subfcribers, will be fold on the premifes, at Public Auction, at 3 o'clock, P. M. on the 12th day of March next,

A handfome unfinifhed Brick Houfe and Lot,

Situated on Water-ftreet 40 feet front, running back 125 feet, fubject to 50 dollars ground rent. The terms will be made known on the day of fale.

Thomas Cook,
Jonathan Scholfield, } *Truftees.*
February 19. eotdf

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of truft from THOMAS RICHARDS, to the fubfcriber, made for the purpofe of paying a debt due from the faid Richards to *Robert T. Hoe & Co.* will be expofed to Public Sale on the premifes, on the 25th day of March next, on a credit of two, four and fix months, with approved security, A TRACT OF LAND, whereon the faid Thomas Richards now lives, fituated in the county of Fairfax on the drains of Great Hooling Creek, containing 80 acres; alfo five and a half acres adjoining the above TRACT. And on the 28th day of March next, will be fold on the fame credit with approved security, at the Court Houfe in the town of Alexandria—A PIECE OF GROUND fituated in the town of Alexandria, on the weft fide of Pitt ftreet and to the northward of King ftreet in the faid town, this piece of ground has a front of 34 feet on Pitt ftreet, running 44 feet back.

Thomas Swann, Truftee.
February 19 2-28 tf

TO RENT
And immediate poffeffion given:

SIXTEEN hundred acres of land, about three miles from Fendal's mill, near the Little Falls of Potomac—This Land is of good quality and well adapted to wheat and grafs, under good enclofures and having a tolerable dwelling houfe and other neceffary buildings. It is capable of being divided into feveral tenements, fo as to fuit applicants. On the premifes is a good blackfmith's fhop and tools, and an excellent ftand for that bufinefs. Tenants may be fupplied at a fair price with corn, hay and fodder, carts, waggons and plantation utenfils—alfo with fundry work horfes, mules and oxen.—More than two hundred bufhels of wheat are fown on the premifes. Mr. George Simpfon, living on the premifes, will fhew the land and other property to applicants.

Richard Bland Lee.
Virginia, Feb. 9. tf

Juft Received, and for Sale,
1,300 SPANISH HIDES,
20 tons of Logwood, and
A few bags of Green Coffee.
The above articles are of the beft quality, and will be fold low.

Mordecai Miller.

IN STORE,
30 kegs of BUTTER of good quality.
February 19 d

CLOVER SEED.

3000 pounds freſh CLOVER SEED,
For Sale by
John G. Ladd.
February 19 d

LOST OR MISLAID,
Certificates for 43 Shares of Potomac Bank Stock.

ANY perfon giving information fo that they can be obtained, will confer a particular favor on the fubfcriber—

Who has a Cargo of St. Ubes SALT for Sale.

E. Janney.
ad mo. 19th. 1aw6w

NOTICE.

The fubfcriber willing to engage in bufinefs for the enfuing feafon, will do any Carpenters' work, and receive in payment wet or dry goods for one half the amount of work contracted for.

R. G. Lanphier.
February 19. 63w

Negroes to Hire.

THREE female houfe fervants to hire—one a very good cook, waſher and ironer, fhe alfo underſtands every kind of houſe work. The other two are good fpinners, and one of them waſhes and irons well and underſtands houſe work of every kind. They are hired for no fault. For further particulars apply to the printer.
February 18. d3w

JUST RECEIVED,
Per Captain JENKES, *from New York, and for Sale,*
Firſt quality Patent Cheeſe,
A quantity of excellent Flax,
New York Pippins,
A parcel of nice Codfiſh,
Cheſnuts, Shellbarks, &c.

Abel Willis.
February 10. tu6t

JAMES KENNEDY, SEN.

KING-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received, from LEE & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York, a fresh assortment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store.

☞ TAKE NOTICE

That J. Kennedy, sen. is appointed the only agent for ALEXANDRIA.

DR. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions.

To Parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, *Esq. Attorney-General of the state of Maryland.*

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper: he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints and desires to give this public testimony in favor of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskilful or excessive use of mercury—the disease peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lyings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparallelled in the cure of

Nervous Disorders,	Violent cramps in the stomach and back,
Consumptions,	Indigestion,
Lowness of spirits,	Melancholy,
Loss of appetite,	Gout in the stomach,
Impurity of the blood,	Pains in the limbs,
Hysterical affections,	Relaxations,
Inward weaknesses,	Involuntary emissions,
Seminal weaknesses,	Obstinate glects,
Fluorbus (or whites)	Impotency, &c. &c.
Barrenness,	

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsey, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaint than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn, Wythe county, Virginia.

GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

W. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope maker, South Second street, between Mary and Christian streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely,

That his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before

EBENEZER FERGUSON, Esq.

One of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia county.

HAMILTON'S *WORM DESROYING LOZENGES,*

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence, on the contrary, a particular excellence of this and its being suited to every age and constitution, and also contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body, but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and corruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on the occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Teres or large round worm, the Ascaidres, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tænia or tape worm so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—It is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the nose and about the seat—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fœtid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in advanced stages of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES— By Hamilton's *WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,*

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about twenty months ago, to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by his writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee, & co.) but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigor—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice, from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbors, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHER minister of the Moravian church, in York-town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

DEAR SIR,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether by means of this medicine I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus but upon close inspection quite repeled with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly ache, or any other disagreeable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the which I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

JOHN MOLTHER.

Dr. Hahn's true and genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infalliable remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

The genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalelled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, rings worms, sun burns, prickley heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration, which is so essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, defluctions of rheum, dullness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety on pregnant women or on infants a week old, containing not a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smell, which attends the application of other remedies.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

Indian Vegetable Specific.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venerial disease.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers,

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. Hahn's Anti-Billious Pills.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite: to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences; a dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness; sickness at the stomach, and severe head ache; and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

☞ Sold likewise by S. Pleasants, Richmond; Ross and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Fredericksburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburgh; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

September 4. 1aw

NOTICE.

THE subscriber will rent the house on Fairfax street, near Duke street, lately occupied by Mr. James H. Hoone. Apply to Mr. *John Tucker.*—As some person has reported that the house is liable for back rents, the following certificate, from Mr. Nathaniel C. Hunter, (the original proprietor of the lot) who leased the house and lot to me on an annual ground rent, proves, that there is no truth in the said report.

Stephen Cooke.

☞ I hereby acknowledge, to have received the ground rents due on a lot, in the town of Alexandria, on Fairfax street, leased of me by Dr. Stephen Cooke, up to the 3d day of February 1805.

NATHANIEL C. HUNTER.

October 1, 1805. (Dec. 10.) 1aw

JUST PUBLISHED,

BY COTTOM AND STEWART,

(Price one Dollar.)

A new edition with modern improvements on the

ART OF COOKERY,

MADE PLAIN AND EASY

By MRS. GLASS.

1st. Containing directions how to roast, boil and dress to perfection, every thing necessary to be sent up to table.

2d. Directions for Soups, Broths, Puddings, Pies Gravies, Sauces, Hashes, Fricassees, Ragouts, Pickling, Cakes, Jellies, Preserving, &c. &c. With a modern bill of fare for every month in the year.

There is no work on this subject more complete than the above. It is also the most modern as the Edition from which this was taken, was published in London, May 1804, and contains all the improvements in the art up to that time, leaving out many superfluous dishes, and substituting others more useful.

December 20. d

CASH, and the highest price, will be given for Clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

Just Landed,

From the schooner FRIENDSHIP, *and for sale by* WASHINGTON PRINCE, *on liberal terms;*

21 hogsheads retailing Molasses,
A few boxes Mould Candles,
Hogsheads Liverpool Salt,
5 barrels Cherry Bounce,
25 quintals Cod Fish.

February 17.

For SALE, on Credit,

THAT valuable PROPERTY, at the corner of Prince and Pitt streets, lately occupied by Mr. *George Clementson*; fronting feet on the former, and on the latter. There are five dwelling houses on this property, two of which are commodious and well finished.

This property will be sold altogether, at public vendue, on a credit of 6, 9, and 12 months, for negotiable notes with approved indorsers.—

☞ The sale will take place on SATURDAY the 15th of March next.

On the same day will be let, on ground rent forever, to the highest bidder, on the premises,

Two unimproved LOTS of ground, lying at the intersection of King and Fayette streets—The situation of this property is deemed superior to any other on King-street, as it faces the diagonal street and adjoins a pump of the best water in town.

Robert T. Hooe & Co.

February 17. 2awdf

LAND FOR SALE.

Will be Sold, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the 19th day of May next, at Hay-Market, (being the first day of the next district court to be held there)

TWO hundred acres of LAND, more or less, known by the name of *Greenwich*, and lying in the county of Prince William, four miles from Hay-Market, on the road leading from thence to Fredericksburg and the Carolina's.—The back road from the city of Washington to the southern states also runs through the land, which renders it an eligible stand for a tavern, it is also a good stand for a store.—There are several houses, with a well of excellent water on this land, which lies well for cultivation, and has a considerable quantity of wood on it. The Plaister of Paris also appears well adapted to the soil, as I raised fine clover on it from the application of that manure only.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in 6 months, one third in 12 months, and the remaining third in 18 months from the day of sale; the purchaser giving bond and approved security for the payment thereof. Possession will be given immediately to the purchaser, and a good title made on receipt of the first payment.

Bertand Ewell.

February 17. 2aw6t

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King street, has, in addition to his former stock, added*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Souchong } *TEAS,* particularly selected for family use.
Best Green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality.
Madeira, Busellos, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Genuine Old Port } *WINES.*
Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New-England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whiskey,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento Cayenne and Black Pepper, Race and Ground Ginger, Basket Salt for table use, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig. blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt Petre, Florence Indigo, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone, Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars, and Smoaking Tobacco, very best Chewing Tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping Paper, Demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

December 16. d

PRINTED DAILY BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.